Bollettino Settimanale

Lunedì 1 aprile 2024	Martedì 2 aprile 2024	Mercoledì 3 aprile 2024	Giovedì 4 aprile
		AULA CONVERSI ore 16.00 SEMINARIO DI FISICA STATISTICA	
		Topology shapes dynamics of higher-order networks	
		Ginestra Bianconi (Professor, Queen Mary University of London)	
		From the brain to the climate, complex systems constitute a real challenge for scientists and mathematicians as they are giving rise to dynamical phenomena notoriously difficult to understand, model and predict.	
		In the last twenty years the scientific community has made unprecedented progress in unveiling the structure of complex systems encoded in their network skeleton describing the set of their pairwise interactions. However networks are not able to characterize the ubiquitous higher-order interactions between more than two nodes that give rise to the complex systems topology captured by higher-order networks and simplicial complexes.	
		Here we reveal how non-linear dynamical processes can be used to learn the topology, by defining Topological Kuramoto model and Topological global synchronization. These critical phenomena capture the synchronization of topological signals, i.e. dynamical signal defined not only on nodes but also on links, triangles and higher-dimensional simplices in simplicial complexes. Moreover, will discuss how the Dirac operator can be used to couple and process topological signal of different dimensions. Finally we will reveal how non-linear dynamics can shape topology by formulating triadic percolation. In triadic percolation triadic interactions can turn percolation into a fully- fledged dynamical process in which nodes can turn on and off intermittently in a periodic fashion or even chaotically leading to period doubling and a route to chaos of the percolation order parameter. Triadic percolation and can describe real systems in which the giant component varies significantly in time such as in brain functional networks and in climate.	

2024	Venerdì 5 aprile 2024